

APPENDIX G

TOPOCK REMEDIATION PROJECT PROGRAMATIC AGREEMENT GLOSSARY

Area of Potential Effect (APE)

The APE is the geographic area or areas within which an undertaking (project, activity, program or practice) may cause changes in the character or use of any cultural resources present (36 CFR 800.16[d]).

Archaeological Resource/archaeological property

"Archaeological property" National Register is a place or places where the remnants of a past culture survive in a physical context that allows for the interpretation of these remains (page 2, National Register Bulletin 36 Guidelines for evaluating and Registering Historical Archaeological sites and Districts).

Cultural Resource Management Plan (CRMP)

The CRMP describes cultural resources of concern and specifies how stipulations for avoidance, minimization, or mitigation of adverse effects to historic properties will be implemented within the context of an undertaking or series of undertakings.

Cultural Landscape

National Park Service's definition is: A geographic area that historically has been used by people, or shaped or modified by human activity, occupation, or intervention, and that possesses a significant concentration, linkages, or continuity of areas of land use, vegetation, buildings and structures, roads and waterways, and natural features (National Register Bulletin: Guidelines for evaluating and Documenting a Rural Historic Landscape). In addition, some Tribes ascribe the following meaning: Cultural landscapes provide a sense of place and identity. They map our relationship with the land over time and are part of our national heritage and each of our lives (from Cultural Landscape Foundation).

Cultural Property(ies)

For the purposes of this PA, cultural properties are defined the same as historic properties. National Historic Preservation Act defines historic property as any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in , or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places (16 U.S.C. 470w[5]). The National Register definition - A historic property is a district, site, building, structure, or object significant in American history, architecture, engineering, archaeology, or culture. Historic property definition in 36 CFR Part 800 - any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior. This term includes artifacts, records, and remains that are related to the located within such properties. The term includes properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization and that meet the National Register criteria(36 CFR Part 800.16).

Geoglyph

A drawing on the ground, or a large motif, or design that holds cultural significance.

Historic

The term “historic” refers to anything important in history. History usually refers written record or past events. The National Register definition – A historic property is a district, site, building, structure, or object significant in American history, architecture, engineering, archaeology, or culture.

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Historic Significance

In the context of the National Register of Historic Places, properties listed in, or eligible for, the National Register of Historic Places possess historic significance and integrity. Significance may be found in four aspects: A. association with historic events or activities, B. association with important persons, C. distinctive design or physical characteristic, or D. potential to yield important information about history or prehistory (National Register Bulletin 16A: How to complete a National Register Form).

Interim Measure No. 3 (IM-3)

The (IM-3) is a groundwater treatment and extraction system use to maintain hydraulic control of the plume boundaries near the Colorado River to achieve a net landward gradient away from the Colorado River. The IM No. 3 includes an extraction system of two extraction wells and conveyance pipeline, a treatment system to remove hexavalent chromium and total chromium from groundwater, and an injection system to discharge treated groundwater.

Topock Maze

The Topock Maze is a large, unique, geoglyph situated within the Topock Project APE that has important cultural and religious significance to several of the Indian Tribes residing along or near the Colorado River. One portion of The Maze is currently listed on the National Register of Historic Places owing to its archaeological values. However, the Maze, including two other adjacent loci, is currently under review for eligibility as a Traditional Cultural Property (TCP) and possible nomination to the Register.

Traditional

"Traditional" in the context of the National Register refers to "those beliefs, customs, and practices of a living community of people that have been passed down through the generations, usually orally or through practice" (National Register Bulletin 38).

Traditional Cultural Properties (TCP)

A TCP is a property that is eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places because of its association with cultural practices or beliefs of a living community that are rooted in the community's history, and important in maintaining the continuing cultural identity of the community (National Register Bulletin 38). The National Historic Preservation Act states that "Properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian tribe or Native American organization may be determined eligible for inclusion on the National Register" (16 U.S.C. 470a{d}[6]).

Undertaking

Undertaking is defined in the NHPA as any project, activity or program funded in whole or in part under the direct or indirect jurisdiction of a Federal agency, including a Federal project, activity or program that is 1) carried out by or on behalf of a Federal agency; 2) carried out with Federal financial assistance; 3) requires a Federal permit, license or approval; 3) subject to State or local regulation administered pursuant to a delegation or approval by a Federal agency (16 U.S.C. 470w [7]).